



PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

TFT-LCD MODULE

Module No: 312267-01

☒ Preliminary Specification

☐ Approval Specification

Designed by	Checked by	Approved by

Final Approval by Customer

Approved by	Comment

For more information, contact us:

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※The specification of "TBD" should refer to the measured value of sample . If there is difference between the design specification and measured value, we naturally shall negotiate and agree to solution with customer.

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1. Numbering System

2. TFT General Information

ITEM	STANDARD VALUES	UNITS
LCD type	5.0" TFT	--
Dot arrangement	720(RGB) × 1280	dots
Color filter array	RGB vertical stripe	--
Display mode	IPS / Transmissive / Normally Black	--
Viewing Direction	80/80/80/80	--
Module size	76.00(W) × 141.20(H) × 3.35(T)	mm
Active area	62.10(W) × 110.40(H)	mm
Dot pitch	0.08625(H) × 0.08625(V)	mm
Interface	3line SPI + 24bit RGB	--

3. Mechanical Drawing

4. Interface Description

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	NC	NC
2	A	Power supply for backlight anode input terminal.
3	A	Power supply for backlight anode input terminal.
4	K	Power supply for backlight cathode input terminals.
5	K	Power supply for backlight cathode input terminals.
6	GND	Ground
7	NC	NC
8	VCI	TFT and CTP power supply input.
9	VCI	TFT and CTP power supply input.
10	/RESET	Reset signal input terminal, active at 'L'.
11	VSYNC	Vertical Sync Input
12	HSYNC	Horizontal Sync Input
13	GND	Ground
14	PCLK	Dot Data Clock
15	GND	Ground
16	DE	Data Enable Input
17	R7	Red data bus.
18	R6	
19	R5	
20	R4	
21	R3	
22	R2	
23	R1	
24	R0	
25	G7	Green data bus.
26	G6	
27	G5	
28	G4	
29	G1	
30	G3	
31	G0	
32	G2	

33	B7	Blue data bus.
34	NC	NC
35	B6	Blue data bus.
36	SDA	SPI Interface Data.
37	B5	Blue data bus.
38	SCL	SPI Interface Data Clock.
39	B4	Blue data bus.
40	NC	NC
41	B3	Blue data bus.
42	/CS	Chip select signal, Active "L"
43	B2	Blue data bus.
44	CTP_RST	CTP reset line.
45	B1	Blue data bus.
46	CTP_INT	CTP interrupt line.
47	B0	Blue data bus.
48	CTP_SCL	CTP I2C clock line.
49	CTP_SDA	CTP I2C data line.
50	GND	Ground

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

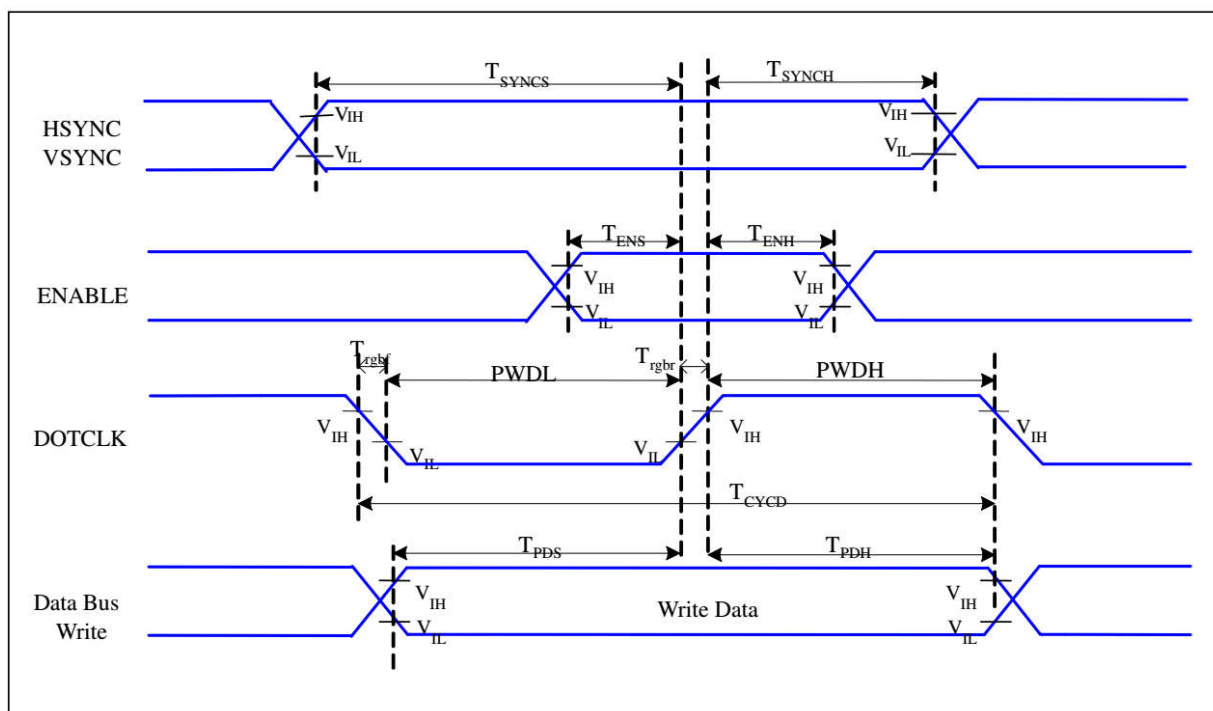
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Analog Supply Voltage	V _{CI}	-0.3	3.6	V
Input Voltage	V _{in}	-0.3	V _{CI} +0.5	V
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-10	60	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	70	°C
Storage Humidity	HD	20	90	%RH

6. DC Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Analog Supply Voltage	V _{CI}	2.5	2.8	3.3	V	-
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	0.7V _{CI}	-	V _{CI}	V	Digital input pins
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	GND	-	0.3V _{CI}	V	Digital input pins
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	0.8V _{CI}	-	V _{CI}	V	Digital output pins
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	GND	-	0.2V _{CI}	V	Digital output pins
I/O Leak Current	I _{LI}	-1.0	-	1.0	uA	-

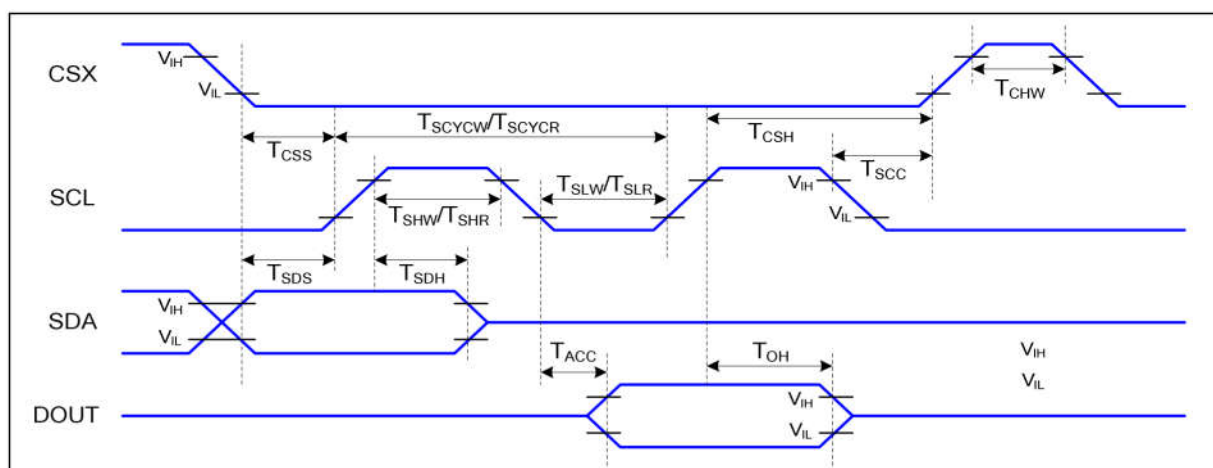
7. Timing Characteristics

7.1 RGB Interface Characteristics



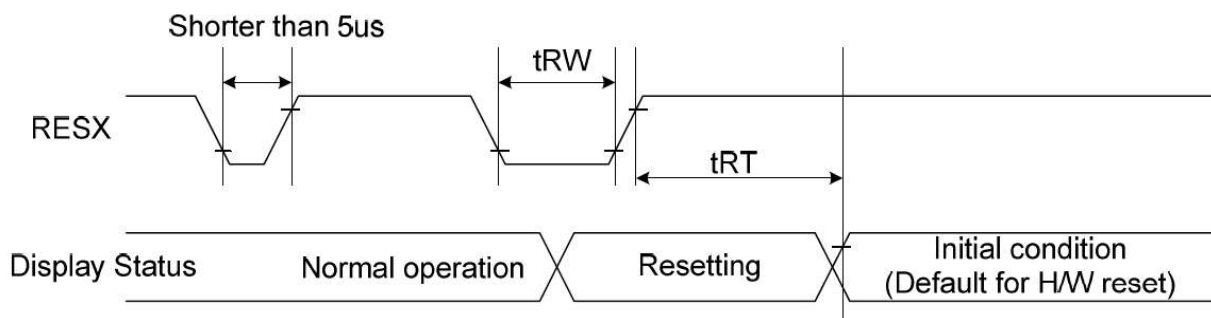
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
HSYNC, VSYNC	T_{SYNCS}	VSYNC, HSYNC Setup Time	5	-	ns	
ENABLE	T_{ENS}	Enable Setup Time	5	-	ns	
	T_{ENH}	Enable Hold Time	5	-	ns	
DOTCLK	$PWDH$	DOTCLK High-level Pulse Width	15	-	ns	
	$PWDL$	DOTCLK Low-level Pulse Width	15	-	ns	
	T_{CYCD}	DOTCLK Cycle Time	33	-	ns	
	$Trghr, Trghf$	DOTCLK Rise/Fall time	-	15	ns	
DB	T_{PDS}	PD Data Setup Time	5	-	ns	
	T_{PDH}	PD Data Hold Time	5	-	ns	

7.2 Serial Interface Characteristics (3-line serial)



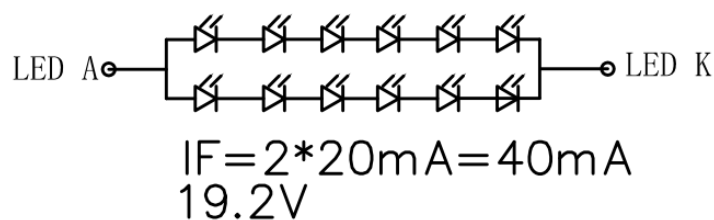
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Description
CSX	T _{CSS}	Chip select setup time (write)	15		ns	
	T _{CSH}	Chip select hold time (write)	15		ns	
	T _{CSS}	Chip select setup time (read)	60		ns	
	T _{SCC}	Chip select hold time (read)	60		ns	
	T _{CHW}	Chip select "H" pulse width	40		ns	
SCL	T _{SCYCW}	Serial clock cycle (Write)	66		ns	
	T _{SHW}	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
	T _{SLW}	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
	T _{SCYCR}	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150		ns	
	T _{SHR}	SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
	T _{SLR}	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
SDA (DIN)	T _{SDS}	Data setup time	10		ns	
	T _{SDH}	Data hold time	10		ns	

7.3 Reset Timing Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
RESX	tRW	Reset pulse duration	10		uS
	tRT	Reset cancel		5 (note 1,5)	mS
				120 (note 1,6,7)	mS

8. Backlight Characteristics



Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Test Condition
Supply Voltage	V _f	-	19.2	-	V	I _f =40mA
Supply Current	I _f	-	40	-	mA	-
Luminous Intensity	-	-	260	-	Cd/m ²	I _f =40mA
Uniformity	-	80	-	-	%	I _f =40mA
Life Time	-	20000	-	-	Hr	I _f =40mA
Backlight Color	White					

9. Optical Characteristics

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmittance (with Polarizer)		T (%)	$\Theta=0$	—	(4.2)	—	%	Measuring with normal polarizer , Reference Only Base on Vop=5.1V
Transmittance (without Polarizer)		T (%)		—	(14.7)	—	%	
Contrast Ratio		CR		640	800	—	—	(1)(2)
Response Time		T _R +T _F		—	25	35	msec	(1)(3)
Color Gamut	(%)			55	60	—	%	C-light
Viewing Angle	Hor.	Θ_L	CR>10	70	80	—	—	(1)(4) Measuring with normal polarizer , Reference Only
		Θ_R		70	80	—		
	Ver.	Θ_U		70	80	—		
		Θ_D		70	80	—		
Optima View Direction		Free						(5)

Note:

1. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing are determined for the horizontal or 3, 9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6, 12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface (see FIG.2).

2. Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of $\Theta=0$ and at the center of the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state. (See FIG. 2) Luminance Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically. $CR = \text{White Luminance (ON)} / \text{Black Luminance (OFF)}$

3. Transmittance is the value with DBEF Polarizer.

4. The color chromaticity coordinates specified in Table1 shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the C/F. Measurement condition is C - light source & Halogen Lamp

5. The electro-optical response time measurements shall be made as FIG.3 by switching the "data" input signal ON and OFF. The times needed for the luminance to change from 10% to 90% is T_r , and 90% to 10% is T_f .

Figure 1. The definition of V_{th} & V_{sat}

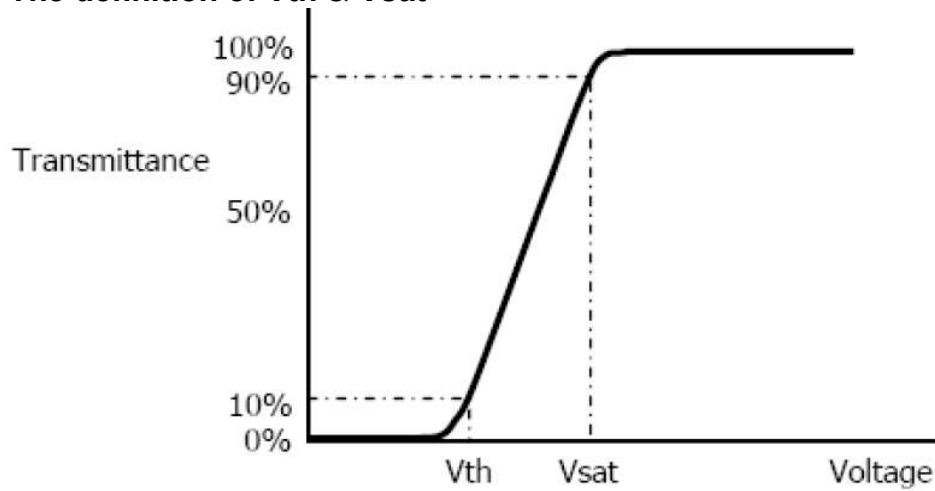


Figure 2. Measurement Set Up

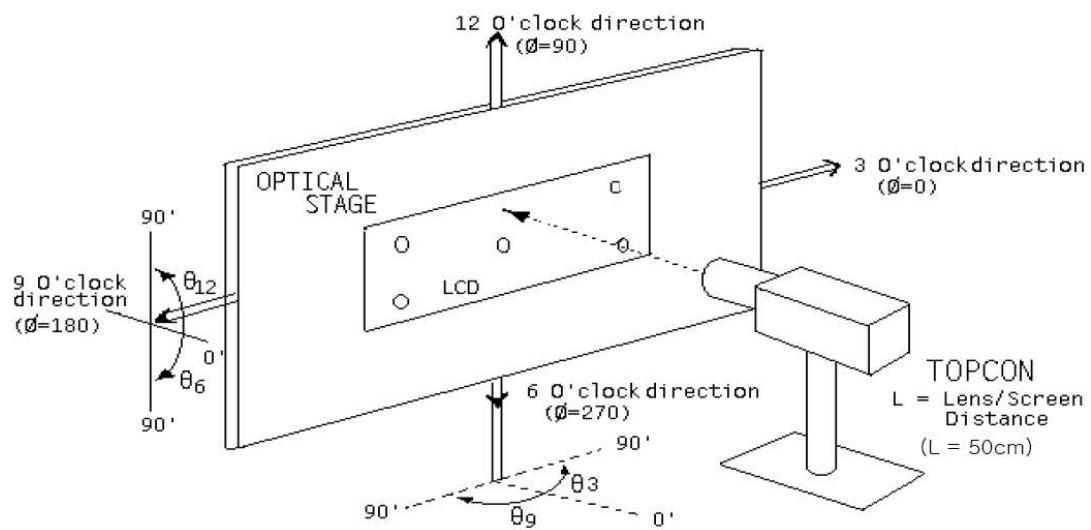
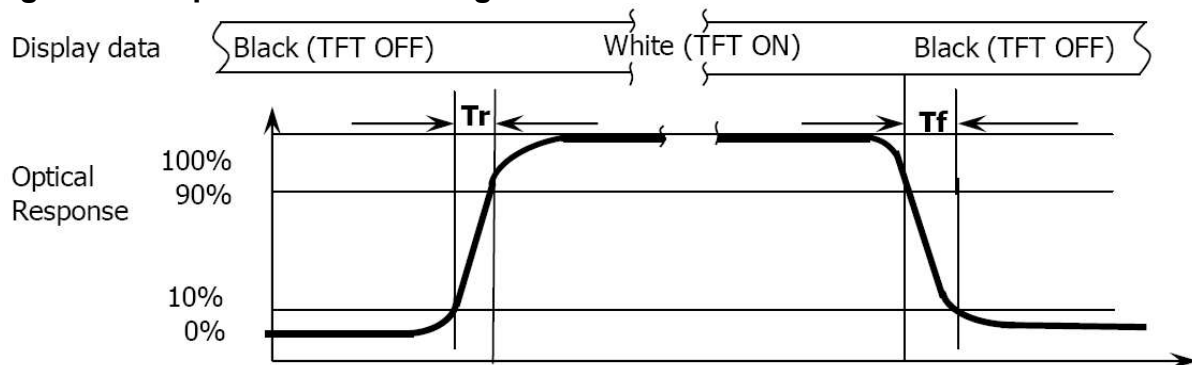


Figure 3. Response Time Testing



10. Reliability Test Conditions And Methods

NO.	TEST ITEMS	TEST CONDITION	INSPECTION AFTER TEST
①	High Temperature Storage	70℃±2℃×96Hours	Inspection after 2~4hours storage at room temperature,the samples should be free from defects: 1,Air bubble in the LCD. 2,Sealleak. 3,Non-display. 4,Missing segments. 5,Glass crack. 6,Current IDD is twice higher than initial value. 7,The surface shall be free from damage. 8,The electric charateristic requirements shall be satisfied.
②	Low Temperature Storage	-20℃±2℃×96Hours	
③	High Temperature Operating	60℃±2℃×96Hours	
④	Low Temperature Operating	-10℃±2℃×96Hours	
⑤	Temperature Cycle(Storage)	-10℃ $\longleftrightarrow$ 25℃ $\longleftrightarrow$ 60℃ (30min) (5min) (30min) 1cycle Total 10cycle	
⑥	Damp Proof Test (Storage)	50℃±5℃×90%RH×96Hours	
⑦	Vibration Test	Frequency:10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Amplitude:1.5M X,Y,Z direction for total 3hours (Packing Condition)	
⑧	Drooping Test	Drop to the ground from 1M height one time every side of carton. (Packing Condition)	
⑨	ESD Test	Voltage:±8KV,R:330Ω,C:150PF,Air Mode,10times	

REMARK:

- 1,The Test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2,Sample side for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 3,For Damp Proof Test,Pure water(Resistance > 10MΩ)should be used.
- 4,In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage,if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting,it would be judge as a good part.
- 5,EL evaluation should be excepted from reliability test with humidity and temperature:Some defects such as black spot/blemish can happen by natural chemical reaction with humidity and Fluorescence EL has.
- 6,Failure Judgment Criterion:Basic Specification Electrical Characteristic,Mechanical Characteristic,Optical Characteristic.

11. Inspection Standard

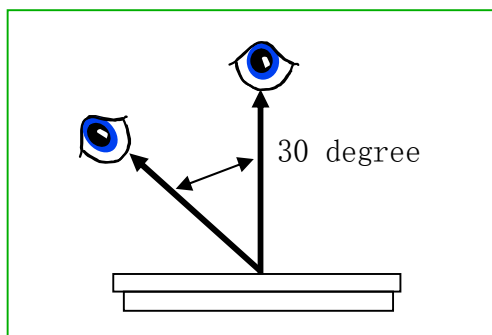
This standard apply to C-STN/TFT module

1. Spot check plan:

According to spot check level II ,MIL-STD-105D Level II ,the rank of accept or reject is below:

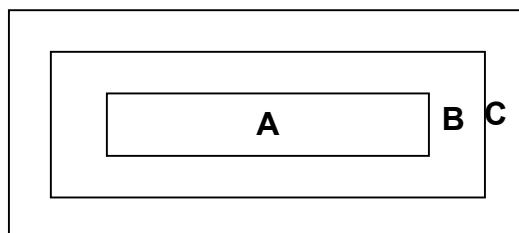
A 级: major non-conformance: AQL 0.65 minor non-conformance: AQL 1.

2. Inspection condition:



Under daylight lamp 20~40W, product distance inspector'eye 30cm,incline degree 30°.

3. LCD area define:



Area A: display area

Area B: VA area

Area C: out of VA area,not in sight after assembly

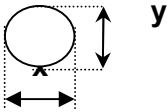
Remark :non-conformance at area C,but is OK that isn't influence reliability of product & assembly by customer.

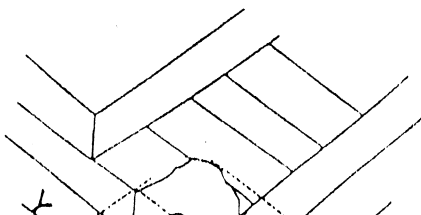
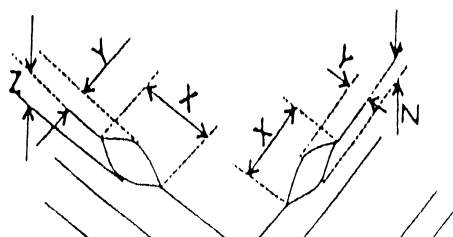
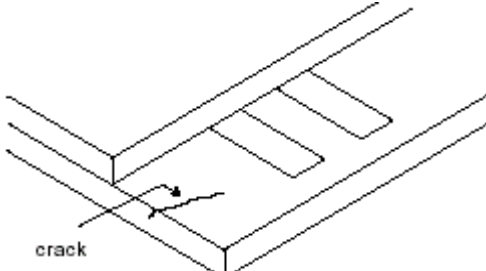
4. Inspection standard

4.1 Major non-conformance

NO.	Item	Inspection standard	Rate
4.1.1	Function non-conformance	1) No display, display abnormaly 2) Miss line, short 3) B/L no function or function abnormaly 4) TP no function	major
4.1.2	miss	No matter miss what component	
4.1.3	Out of size	Module dimension out of spec	

4.2 Appearance non-conformance

NO.	Item	Inspection standard	Rate																												
4.2.1	Black or white spot (power on)	dot non-conformance define Φ  $\Phi = \frac{(x+y)}{2}$	Minor																												
		A grade <table border="1"> <tr> <th rowspan="2"> area size (mm) </th> <th colspan="3">Most approve q'ty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> <tr> <td>$\Phi \leq 0.10$</td> <td colspan="2">ignore</td> <td rowspan="5">ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.15$</td> <td colspan="2">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$</td> <td colspan="2">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$</td> <td colspan="2">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.25 < \Phi$</td> <td colspan="2">0</td> </tr> </table>		area size (mm)	Most approve q'ty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.10$	ignore		ignore	$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.15$	3		$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	2		$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	1		$0.25 < \Phi$	0						
		area size (mm)			Most approve q'ty																										
				A	B	C																									
		$\Phi \leq 0.10$		ignore		ignore																									
		$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.15$		3																											
		$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.20$		2																											
$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	1																														
$0.25 < \Phi$	0																														
Most approve 4 damages, dot to dot $\geq 10\text{mm}$																															
4.2.2	Black or white line (power on)	A grade <table border="1"> <tr> <th colspan="2">Size(mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Most approve q'ty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>L(length)</th> <th>W(width)</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> <tr> <td>ignore</td> <td>$W \leq 0.03$</td> <td colspan="2">ignore</td> <td rowspan="5">ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$L \leq 5.0$</td> <td>$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$</td> <td colspan="2">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$L \leq 3.0$</td> <td>$0.05 < W \leq 0.07$</td> <td colspan="2">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>$0.07 < W$</td> <td colspan="2">Treat with dot non-conformance</td> </tr> </table>			Size(mm)		Most approve q'ty			L(length)	W(width)	A	B	C	ignore	$W \leq 0.03$	ignore		ignore	$L \leq 5.0$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	2		$L \leq 3.0$	$0.05 < W \leq 0.07$	1			$0.07 < W$	Treat with dot non-conformance	
		Size(mm)		Most approve q'ty																											
		L(length)	W(width)	A	B	C																									
		ignore	$W \leq 0.03$	ignore		ignore																									
		$L \leq 5.0$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	2																											
		$L \leq 3.0$	$0.05 < W \leq 0.07$	1																											
			$0.07 < W$	Treat with dot non-conformance																											
Most approve 3 damages, line to line $\geq 10\text{mm}$																															
4.2.3	Polarizer position	1) polarizer attach meet drawing,disallow out of LCD. 2) polarizer must cover display area （special require unless ）		Minor																											

4.2.4	LCD non-conformance	(i) crash at side (remark: S=ITO length)  <table border="1" data-bbox="557 423 1190 521"><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td>≤3.0</td><td>≤S</td><td>ignore</td></tr></table>	X	Y	Z	≤3.0	≤S	ignore	Minor	
		X	Y	Z						
		≤3.0	≤S	ignore						
(ii) commonly surface scathe  <table border="1" data-bbox="534 855 1211 954"><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td>≤2.0</td><td><frame edge</td><td>ignore</td></tr></table>	X	Y	Z	≤2.0	<frame edge	ignore				
X	Y	Z								
≤2.0	<frame edge	ignore								
(iii) crack Disallow extend crack 										
4.2.5	Contrast voltage arp	VOP/Vlcd voltage of confirmed sample±0.15V	Minor							
4.2.6	color	Color & luminance of module scope reference spec	Minor							
4.2.7	Cross talk	Reference confirmed limit sample	Minor							

12. Handling Precautions

12.1 Mounting method

The LCD panel of LTK LCD module consists of two thin glass plates with polarizers which easily be damaged. And since the module is so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the printed circuit board.

Extreme care should be needed when handling the LCD modules.

12.2 Caution of LCD handling and cleaning

When cleaning the display surface, Use soft cloth with solvent [recommended below] and wipe lightly

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Do not wipe the display surface with dry or hard materials that will damage the polarizer surface.

Do not use the following solvent:

- Water
- Aromatics

Do not wipe ITO pad area with the dry or hard materials that will damage the ITO patterns

Do not use the following solvent on the pad or prevent it from being contaminated:

- Soldering flux
- Chlorine (Cl) , Sulfur (S)

If goods were sent without being silicon coated on the pad, ITO patterns could be damaged due to the corrosion as time goes on.

If ITO corrosion happens by miss-handling or using some materials such as Chlorine (Cl), Sulfur (S) from customer, Responsibility is on customer.

12.3 Caution against static charge

The LCD module uses C-MOS LSI drivers, so we recommend that you:

Connect any unused input terminal to Vdd or Vss, do not input any signals before power is turned on, and ground your body, work/assembly areas, assembly equipment to protect against static electricity.

12.4 packing

- Module employs LCD elements and must be treated as such.
- Avoid intense shock and falls from a height.
- To prevent modules from degradation, do not operate or store them exposed directly to sunshine or high temperature/humidity

12.5 Caution for operation

- It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit causes the shorter LCD life.
- An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.
- Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, which will come back in the specified operation temperature.
- If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.
- A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.

Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%Rh or less is required.

12.6 storage

In the case of storing for a long period of time for instance, for years for the purpose or replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- Storage in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it . And with no desiccant.
- Placing in a dark place where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light's keeping the storage temperature range.
- Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by the anything else.
[It is recommended to store them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us

12.7 Safety

- It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass cell comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water

13. Precaution For Use

13.1

A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity. Judgment by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.

13.2

On the following occasions, the handing of problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible of the both parties.

- When a question is arisen in this specification
- When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications
- When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to LTK LCD , and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change
- When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.

14. Packing Method

TBD